BSR&Co.LLP

Chartered Accountants

14th Floor, Central B Wing and North C Wing Nesco IT Park 4, Nesco Center Western Express Highway Goregaon (East), Mumbai – 400 063, India Telephone: +91 (22) 6257 1000 Fax: +91 (22) 6257 1010

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Ekopath Metropolis Lab Services Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ekopath Metropolis Lab Services Private Limited (the "Company") which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 March 2024, and the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and its profit and other comprehensive loss, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit/ loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Registered Office:

14th Floor, Central B Wing and North C Wing, Nesco IT Park 4, Nesco Center, Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East), Mumbai - 400063

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

Ekopath Metropolis Lab Services Private Limited

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2 A. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our

knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

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Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

Ekopath Metropolis Lab Services Private Limited

- b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matters stated in the paragraph 2B(f) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
- c. The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 01 April 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f. the modification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph 2A(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 2B(f)] below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
- g. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- B. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - a. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - b. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - c. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - d (i) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 38 to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (ii) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 38 to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Parties ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (iii) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (i) and (ii) above, contain any material misstatement.
 - e. The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.

& Cof. Based on our examination which included test checks, except for the instances mentioned below, the

Page 3 of 10



Place: Mumbai

Date: 20 May 2024

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

Ekopath Metropolis Lab Services Private Limited

recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the respective softwares:

i. In the absence of reporting on compliance with the audit trail requirements in the independent auditor's report of a service organisation for an accounting software used for maintaining books of accounts, which is operated by a third party software service provider, we are unable to comment whether audit trail feature for the said software was enabled at database level and operated throughout the year for all the relevant transactions recorded in the software.

ii. In the absence of an independent auditor's report in relation to controls at a service organisation for an accounting software used for maintaining customer records (operated from 1 November 2023 to 31 March 2024), we are unable to comment whether audit trail feature for the said software was enabled at database level and operated from 1 November 2023 to 31 March 2024 for all the relevant transactions recorded in the software.

iii. In the absence of sufficient and appropriate evidence due to decommissioning of an accounting software used for maintaining registration of patients (operated from 1 April 2023 to 31 October 2023), we are unable to comment whether audit trail feature for the said software was enabled and operated from 1 April 2023 to 31 October 2023 for all the relevant transactions recorded in the software.

Further, where audit trail (edit log) facility was enabled and operated throughout the year for the respective accounting softwares, we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.

C. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under Section 197(16) of the Act:

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not paid any remuneration to its directors during the year (only professional fees for services rendered of a professional nature has been paid to a director). The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) of the Act which are required to be commented upon by us.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.:101248W/W-100022

Rajesh Mehra

Partner

Membership No.: 103145

ICAI UDIN:24103145BKFWKT3216

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Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements of Ekopath Metropolis Lab Services Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (i) (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its Property, Plant and Equipment by which all property, plant and equipment are verified once in every three years. In accordance with this programme, all the property, plant and equipment were verified during the year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) The Company does not have any immovable property (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the leases agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee). Accordingly, clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable and procedures and coverage as followed by management were appropriate. No discrepancies were noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records that were more than 10% in the aggregate of each class of inventory.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees in aggregate from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets at any point of time of the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any investments, provided guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year. Accordingly, provisions of clauses 3(iii)(a) to 3(iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, the Company has neither made any investments nor has it given loans or provided guarantee or security and therefore the relevant provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public. Accordingly, clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.

According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act for the services

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Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements of Ekopath Metropolis Lab Services Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

provided by it. Accordingly, clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.

(vii) (a) The Company does not have liability in respect of Service tax, Duty of excise, Sales tax and Value added tax during the year since effective 1 July 2017, these statutory dues has been subsumed into GST.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, considering the principles of materiality as outlined in the Standards on Auditing, in our opinion amounts deducted / accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service tax, Provident fund, Employee State Insurance, Income-Tax, or other statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited by the Company with the appropriate authorities. The Company does not have liability in respect of Duty of customs or Cess.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employee State Insurance, Income-Tax, or other statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no statutory dues relating to Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Duty of Customs or Cess or other statutory dues, which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans and borrowing or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has not obtained any term loans during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e) The Company does not hold any investment in any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures (as defined under the Act) during the year ended 31 March 2024. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(e) is not applicable.
 - (f) The Company does not hold any investment in any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures (as defined under the Act) during the year ended 31 March 2024. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(f) is not applicable.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

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Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements of Ekopath Metropolis Lab Services Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

- (xi) (a) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, considering the principles of materiality outlined in Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - (c) Based on the information and explanations provided to us, the Company does not have a vigil mechanism and is not required to have a vigil mechanism as per the Act.
- (xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, the requirements as stipulated by the provisions of Section 177 of the Act are not applicable to the Company. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion and based on the information and explanations provided to us, the Company does not have an Internal Audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per Section 138 of the Act.
 - (b) In our opinion and based on the information and explanations provided to us, the Company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per Section 138 of the Act. Accordingly, clause 3(xiv)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) The Company is not part of any group (as per the provisions of the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 as amended). Accordingly, the requirements of clause 3(xvi)(d) are not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state

Page 7 of 10



Place: Mumbai

Date: 20 May 2024

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements of Ekopath Metropolis Lab Services Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

(xx) The requirements as stipulated by the provisions of Section 135 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

For BSR&Co.LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.:101248W/W-100022

Rajesh Mehra

Partner

Membership No.: 103145

ICAI UDIN:24103145BKFWKT3216

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report on the financial statements of Ekopath Metropolis Lab Services Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024

Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

(Referred to in paragraph 2(A)(g) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Ekopath Metropolis Lab Services Private Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

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Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to and A

Page 9 of 10

Place: Mumbai

Date: 20 May 2024

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report on the financial statements of Ekopath Metropolis Lab Services Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For BSR&Co.LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.:101248W/W-100022

Rajesh Mehra

Partner

Membership No.: 103145

ICAI UDIN:24103145BKFWKT3216

Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

s at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
87.18	68,05
15.92	39.37
44.04	44.04
0.77	
234.83	7.51
70.91	71.73
2.03	3.92
455.68	234.62
40.70	12.44
20.70	13.64
24.02	29.07
31.83	86,93
64.85	479.00
405.00 18.80	4.09
12,62	18.20
553.80	630.93
1,009.48	865.55
	51.00
51.00	51.00
699.77	539.73
750.77	590.73
61.35	60.45
5.10	14.65
11.82	9.56
78.27	84.66
70.27	
	29.05
12.32	29.03
0.00	
93.64	87.05
19.05	21.96
7.26	7.76
4.12	4.36
44.05	39.98
180.44	190.16
1,009.48	865,55
_	180.44

The accompanying notes 1 to 47 form are an integral part of these financial statements.

Basis of preparation, measurement and material accounting policies

As per our report of even date attached

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No: 10) 248W/W-100022

Rajesh Mehra Partner

Membership No. 103145

Place: Mumbai Date : 20 May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Ekopath Metropolis Lab Services Private Limited

Rakes Agarwal Directo DIN: 08614903

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Dr.Nilesh Shah Director DIN: 01130652 Lab Ser

Place: Mumbai Date: 20 May 2024 Place: Mumbai Date: 20 May 2024

Statement of profit and loss

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	Note	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Income			
Revenue from operations	24	858.17	753.22
Other income	25	39.03	24.13
Total Income		897.20	777.35
Expenses:			
Cost of materials consumed	26	141.78	103.71
Laboratory testing charges	27	134.67	126.15
Employee benefits expense	28	109.36	100.01
Finance costs	29	8.76	10.45
Depreciation and amortisation expense	30	31.93	41.05
Other expenses	31	257.13	224.95
Total expenses	=	683.63	606.32
Profit before tax	-	213.57	171.03
Tax expense:			
(1)Current tax	32	51.43	46.00
(2)Deferred tax charge/(credit)	32	1.95	(2.48)
Total tax expenses	-	53,38	43.52
Profit for the year	_	160.19	127.51
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans		(0.20)	(1.15)
Income tax on Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans		0.05	0.29
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	=	(0.15)	(0.86)
T-4-1 for the week	_	160.04	126.65
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	100.04	120.03
Earnings per equity share (Face value of Rs. 10 each)	33	31.41	25.00
(1) Basic earnings per share		31.41	25.00
(2) Diluted earnings per share	33	31,41	23.00
Basis of preparation, measurement and material accounting policies	1-2		

The accompanying notes 1 to 47 form are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Rajesh Mehra

Membership No. 103145

Place: Mumbai Date: 20 May 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Ekopath Metropolis Lab Services Private Limited

CIN: U93000MH2013PTC240481

Rakesh Agarwal

Director DIN: 08614903

Place: Mumbai Date: 20 May 2024 Dr.Nilesh Shah Director

DIN: 01130652

Place: Mumbai Date: 20 May 2024 Lab Serv

Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
A	Cash flow from operating activities		
	Profit before tax Adjustments for:	213.57	171,03
	Interest income others	(1.73)	(0,58)
	Interest income on fixed deposit	(37.31)	(23.55)
	Finance costs	8.76	10.45
	Provision for bad and doubtful debts	1.44	1,55
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	31.93	41.05
	Cash generated from operation activities before working capital changes	216.64	199.95
	Adjustments:		
	(Increase) / Decrease in Inventories	(7.05)	2.80
	(Increase) in Trade receivables	(3.92)	(1.61)
	(Increase) in Other financial assets	0.82	(2.34)
	Decrease / (Increase) in Other current assets	5.58	(7.86)
	Increase in Provision	1.83	2.91
	Increase in Trade Payables	6.62	7.64
	(Decrease) in Other current financial liabilities	(2.87)	(0.93)
	Increase / (Decrease) in Other current liabilities	(0.50)	2_82
	Cash (Used in) / generated from operating activities	217.17	203.39
	Income tax paid (net)	(45.59)	(54.07)
	Net cash (Used in) / generated from operating activities (A)	171.58	149.32
В	Cash flows from investing activities		
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment including capital advances	(28.44)	(7.54)
	Interest income received	19.46	31,86
	Investments in bank term deposit having maturity more than 3 month (net)	(151.00)	(105.00)
	Net cash Generated from / (used) in investing activities (B)	(159.98)	(80.68)
C	Cash flow from financing activities		
	Principal repayment of lease liabilities	(26.28)	(24.31)
	Interest on lease liabilities	(2.76)	(4.95)
	Interest on borrowings	(4.65)	(5.50)
	Net eash (used in) financing activities (C)	(33.69)	(34.76)
	Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (A) + (B) + (C)	(22.09)	33.88
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	86,93	53.05
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	64.83	86.93

¹ In addition to the above, there are no non cash movement for liabilities arising from financing activities other than interest accrued. The above Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Ind. AS - 7 "Statement of Cash Flows"

- 2 The figures in the brackets indicate outflow of cash and cash equivalents.
- 3 Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalent with Balance Sheet

Cash on hand	
Balances with banks	
- in current accounts	

63.97	86.93
64,85	86.93

nd on behalf of the Board of Directors

4 The movement of borrowing as per IND AS 7 is as follows :

Particulars	31 March 2023	Cash flows	Non cash changes	31 March 2024
Equity Share capital	51.00	74		51.00
Non-current borrowings	60.45	540	0.90	61.35
Lease liabilities	43.70	(26,28)	0,00	17.42
Total	155.15	(26.28)	0,90	129.77

The accompanying notes 1 to 47 form are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants
Fire 8 Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Rajesh Mehra Partner Membership No. 103145

Place: Mumbai Date : 20 May 2024 Rakesh Agarwal Director DIN: 08614903

Dr. Nilesh Shah Director DIN: 01130652

Place: Mumbai Date : Place: Mumbai Date : Phopath Metropolis Lab Services Private Limiter
N: U93000MH2013PTC240481

Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

(a) Fourty share capital (Refer note 13)

(a) Equity snare capital (Neter note 15)	Number of shares	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)
Balance as at 1 April 2022	5,10,000	51.00
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	≨	(\$C
Restated balance as at 1 April, 2022	5,10,000	51.00
Changes in equity share capital during the year	*	3€%
Balance as at 31 March 2023	5,10,000	51.00
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors		•
Restated balance as at 1 April, 2023	5,10,000	51.00
Changes in equity share capital during the year	₩.	(±0)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	5,10,000	51.00

(b) Other equity

Particulars	Reserve & Surplus
	Retained Earnings
Balance as at 31 March 2022	413.08
Restated balance as at 1 April 2022*	413.08
Profit for the year	127.51
Loss on re-measurement of defined benefit plans net of income tax	(0.86)
Total comprehensive income	126.65
Balance as at 31 March 2023	539.73
Restated balance as at 1 April 2023*	539.73
Profit for the year	160.19
Loss on re-measurement of defined benefit plans net of income tax	(0.15)
Total comprehensive income	160.04
Balance as at 31 March 2024	699.77

^{*} There are no changes in other equity due to prior period errors

Refer Note 14 for nature and purpose of reserves

The accompanying notes 1 to 47 form are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Rajesh Mehra

Partner

Membership No. 103145

Place: Mumbai Date: 20 May 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ekopath Metropolis Lab Services Private Limited ab Serv CIN: U93000MH2013PTC240481

Directo

DIN: 08614903

Place: Mumbai Date: 20 May 2024 DIN: 01130652

Place: Mumbai Date: 20 May 2024

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014

(Currency : Indian Rupees in Isklis)

Background of the Company and nature of operation

Edupati Aderganhs Lab Services (Nitrie Limited the Company), was recoporated on 14 February 2013 and is engaged in the business of providing healthcare facilities. The proceed services of the Company course of providing publishey and related healthcare services.

The Company is a primate benefit company memperated and dismosted in India. The address of its corporate office is 4Th Floor Hilling Benefit and Company in Company of the Compan

2 Basis of preparation, measurement and material accounting policies

Statement of compliance;

The Balance Mont of the Company as of JI Morch 2024 and the Statement of Profit and Loss (facilitating filter Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Conf. down for the pore ended JI Morch 2024 and minimary of Alabrent Accounting policies and rules Fusicial information (nowless referred as "Fusicial Statements") the been prespend under Indian Accounting Statements (III of AS) multiful under Nection 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Statements) and an attended from incide into

The furnical statements of the Company for your ended 31 March 2024 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Buard of Directors on 21 May 2024. The accounting polyacity polyacity consistently to all the private presented in the furnical statements.

Current vs bos-current classification:

All the mores and liabilities have been classified into current and non-current.

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Asserti et desaited as current whou of walelfur any of the following science:
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b) is the left prention for the purpose of four tyrated
er at the competed in the resilient what nevite model at the first principal date, or
at a competed in the resilient what nevite model with the reporting date, or
at a competed in the resilient was the resilient what nevite model at the reporting date, or
at a competed in the resilient was the resilient for model and the science of or used to welfer a liability for at least works months with the reporting date.

Liabilities

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b) at is held premarily for the propose of Persy underly

b) at its held premarily for the propose of Persy underly

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All amont and helidate have been classified to remote at temporal to medicate to just the company method operating syste and often cyterin set with the foliability for the Companion Ann 2011. Heard on the native of methyr and the time state between expensions and attack improvements for processing and diet relations in cash and cash signalization, the Company has contracted in the company of the a tracker member for the ground of the contracted of contracted on contract or contracted on the co

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These titizened statements have been prepared on a business combonst, except for the following states and liaulaties which have been measured at far value of revalued amounts.

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*Net-defined hencif (asset). Increase, Far value of plus assets less present value of defined braselit obligations.

Basis of preparation, measurement and Material accounting policies (Continued) 2.1 Badls of preparation and measurement (continued)

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Assumptions and retribution unconsenses

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Measurement of fair values

Company's accounting policyes and discharges require the incurrement of face values, (in both fearerful and mon-financial states) and financial states and financial states are stated in the price that would be received in self an activity or in the states of a londery financial recommendated performance at the assumement of the confinencial performance in account a mortal participant is abley to generally economic benefits by unifor the east of the lightest and how use or by self-or the mortal results in participant that would use the asset of the financial participant that would use the asset of the financial participant that would use the asset of the financial participant that would use the asset of the financial participant that would use the asset of the financial states are sufficient to the financial states are sufficient to the financial states are sufficient to the suffici

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Level 2 agrees after than quasir prices a fairle in Level 1 that are observed for feet the used or following, where thereby (i.e. as prices) or millevelly (i.e. derived from prices)

Level 2 agrees for the cause of relatively that are not based or observable market due tunnbeernable inputs!

It the imputs used to measure the trac value of an exect or a liability full time deflected levels of the fair value bennecky, then the fair value measurement is enterprized in an entirety of the fair value increases when the level of the fair value increases.

The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the for value harmarchy at fire cut of the repeating pressed dusing which the change has occurred. Further referencies about the assumptioner made is missioning for values in included in the fitting most assumed (Note 4).

Since-Assumed payment arrangement (Note 46 (cs)).

Helicaries continued in Part 97)



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

a) Property plant and equipment

Recognition and measurement:
The cost of an item of requestry, plant and equipment shall be recognized as an used if, and only if as probable that thrate extraonable benefits associated with the item will flow to the Colorgony and the cost of the item control the three control of the item.

licits of property, plant and comprises after than the child had not reasoned at tent but accommissed dispersions and any excendibated ingestions between The cost of an item of property, plant and expersion in providing industry and continued to a tent of property, plant and expersion of a providing property dispersion of an internal property dispersion of the continued of providing and continued at the continued of the continu

Recognition and measurements (Continued)

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different worful lives, then they are accounted for an expectate items (major enterpowerles) of property, plant and equipment

Any gain or Less armage on the deposal or reteranent of an item of Property Plant and Equiponent is determined as the disference between the sales proceeds and the currying amount of the next and it recognized in the Statement of parts and has when the item is determined as the determined as the distribution of the sales proceeds and the currying

The cost of property, plant and equipment of 1 April 2018, the Company's date of transition to Ind AS, was determined with reference to its carrying value recognised as per the provious GAAP (decined cost), as at the date of transition to Ind AS.

Noticepard repredience:

All support reprediences in this data do not control or incompared as a represensant, or seprepositor only of a provide data the fource comment bondles interested by the new of these or the Champion and that the cited die fource control or fall measured. The compare amount or any component attention for as a separate seen is democratically interested by the providence of the control or the control of the control

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Office payments	h yems	Agree
HISTORIAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND A	7r2me1	Firms
turner ed toters	15 years	10 years
Veste	No same?	France.

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Officer Totalogible assets:
An introduce asset or recognised only it is in probable that future economic benefits attributable to the cases will flow to the Company and the case of the state come be measured remission.

Following prittal recognition, utualgible assets are carried at cost less accumulated against and any accumulated appriminations and

Subsequent expenditure in capitalised only when it increases the thurse economic benefits embodied at the specific asset to which it relates and the cast of the saset can be toensured reliably. All what expenditure, including expenditure or internally generated gausterill and branch, or recognised in position loss as meatured.

The most of orangible mosts at 1 April 2014, Jine & company's date of transition in Ind AS, was determined with reference in an entrying value recognised as portion precious GAAP (deemed costs), as at the date of transition in Ind AS.

Integrible assets under development that see not ready for their intended use at the ead of reporting period and are carried at cent compraising direct costs, related incolorate expresses, when thereby attributed the costs and learn-wring costs, less appairment lauses if any, intended assets acquired separately are intermedia as intell recognition at cost. The cent of intengrible assets acquired in a basiness combination in their fair value at the date of recommission.

He to many and some content that interatories and deferred an execute over preferred at each memory date to determine whether there is any linkature of augustness if any some some content and assumity of any amount of the sound is extend annually for any amount.

For expensions terials, ances are grouped logisher into the smallest group of needs that granters each inflows town outputs give that are begoly independent of the coch thous of other caucht of Civils, Grouball growed from a business combination is allocated to Civils that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recurrable amount of an individual nate (or where applicable, that of each generating and (CVII) to which the name behough is the highest of as value in many of the contract of the recurred point and the first process to self. Value use in based out the enterted future cuts flows, discounted in their process value using a pre-tax discount net that reflects extract points an enterted in the time value of noney, and the risks specific to the notest of CVIII).

8. 80. 400

Notes to the financial statements

(Currency Indian Rupees in Idda)

c) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial instruments also michigal entity or equity instrument and extract south a formula exclusing forward contracts, futures and correctly operate.

1. Financial specia

Initial recognition and measurement
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Firsts receivables are instally recognised at innection price as they do not contain a stensitional thencine component. This implies that the effective interest rate for those recordables about histograms, the company applies lifeture expected credit loss would for inconservation funds recordables.

Classification and architequest measurement.

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, transicial assets are elevatived as three case purpose.

- Associated as as.

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- Four value (associated prior) (associated prior)

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Transfers of linouscal assess to shard parties in transactions shot do not quality for development are not considered takes for this purpose, contained with the Company's continuous of Ultranses.

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Face at auxil — Nationem which comprise such that are while payment at product and instant.

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Fair-value through profit and base CFVTEL's.

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They are consequence of the compensation of th

After install measurement, these exects are subsequently measured in four value. Dividends Inscrept income under effective interest medical, foreign eachange game and Losses and

Derrecognillon:
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The commental region to access crash times from the thurscal naset hose expired, or The Company has transferred in rights to receive each libers from the naset with a naturated an obligation to pay the received each flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-timedy-frame,"more and ordiner expit the Company has frustferred substantially all the risks and research of the nayes, or expit the Company has frustferred substantially all the risks and research of the risks, and execution that transferred centred of the naves.

Un de-recognition, any gains or lorses on all equity automants (necessaried at FVTPL) are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss

Impairment of financial states in the company applies Exercised Create Level "Eli L"] model for measurement and economies on expairment less on the financial states measured as resourced and delimination measured at PVOCI

Law oftensences on trude recensibles are measured following the 'emplified reproces' or a measure equal to the lefestor EE'L at each reporting date. In respect of other fluoristical assets, the least allowance is measured at 12 month EC'L only if there or no significant discussions in the credit risk drive toward recension of the asset or some to determined to larve a low credit risk drive; toward recensions of the asset or some to determined to larve a low credit risk drive; toward recensions of the asset or some to determined to larve a low credit risk drive; toward recensions of the asset or some to determine the recension of the asset or some to determine the recension of the asset or some the asset of the

Their restrictions.

Their restrictions in the restriction is a second of the restriction of their restriction is a second of their restriction in their restrictions in the restrictions in their restrictions in their restrictions in the restriction in the restrictions in the restrictions in the restriction in the restrictio

Impairment of Dissortion Intercepts (other than of the value).

The Uniquest instruction in the familiary than the Capital Annual Low associated with the access caused at material cost and PVTOCI Acit assuments. The supraments in the Capital Capi

Initial recognition and measurement

Francial liabelines are instally recognized when the Company becomes a parry to the contractual prosperies of the destination.

Farancial tacking a untailty measured at this value plans for an item not at fair value through profe and loss, transaction costs that are deedly attributable in its acquisition or usual

Classification and subsequent memorraneat

and as determined with reference to the eliminative on the respective facustial tubilities

Figure 1 De Silve of Der Value thereo. Finding Lens DVIFE.

A formered labelity in Chandred as Face Value through Finding Cons (EVTPL) if it is closified as bely-ferrorating or a designated in such on initial exequitive. Financial labelities and SVFFL retrievance of the Two lens of the SVFFL are increased in the Statement of Finding and Loan.

After must recognised, insternal labelities other than those which are classified as FVTPL are subsequently measured at anomated and using the effective interest mass ("EIR")

Amenteed could calculated by Okeng min account any document or permitten and fees or growt that he was a selected or file EIR. The sum receasion down money the EIR method or nechood or filement cools on the Alternation of Prints and Loca.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency : Indian Rupees at blibs) Derecognition

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Financial assets and financial liabilities are office and do not amount if reported in the befores thest if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and finers or as internant to serile on a not have, or to realize the assets and serile the bid-filice standamentary.

inventories suggests chemically, disputes, kin; molecules and constructed in lover of cost (as weighted strong band) and not restantive as a lover of cost (as weighted strong band) and not restantive as a lover of cost (as weighted strong band) and not restantive as a lover of practice and a finite cross strong data good not be a lover of practice and a finite cross strong data good not be a lover of practice and a finite cross strong data good not be a lover of practice and a finite cross strong data good not be a lover of practice and to complete on and a finite cryomes.

The company uses weighted a remain week at to determine coat for all categories of ascentiaries except for goods or annals which is valued specifically identified parabase con Cost metalies all cost of parabase, and when each incurred in hongany the inventories to those present location and condition (achieves of non-refinable) (adjusted); have wherever applicable.

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Code and code opposite in the balance does and cash love estatuant includes read, as bank and so hand deposits held at call with banker with outgoing amountaire lear than three manufact affects are resulty conversible into code and which are subject to inspectious risk of changes in value



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency Indian Rupees in Inklia)

D. Praydelous, Coptingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

A provision is recognized when the enterprise has a process obligation, thegol or constructive; as a result of a past event and it is probable due to outline of resources entendings eccourants benefits will be control to which are found on the first of the control to which are found on the first of the control to the first of the first

If the effect of the time value of money a material, provisions are determined by disconneng the expected future coals flews specific to the fidules. The unwanting of the dust recognized as france coat:

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A contagent must be a possible acted that areas from peak crefts and whose continue will be continued only by the consument of more access to the continued of the credit of the second of the second

g) Resenue Recognision

Revenue comprise of evenue than providing healthcare services such as health checkup and laboratory services. Pathology service is the only principal actions and reportable support than which the transparts permitted survenue.

Revenue as recognised at an assume that reflects the communication is which the viscourant expects to be mailtain an exchange for impalerming the goods or services to a continuer act on transfer of control of the service to the communication and produce or exchange or service as on the control and discourses.

Research is recognised once the feating samples are processed for requisionard test, in the extent that of its probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and received can be reliably increased.

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b) Other Income

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(ib Source-standinglests: hunted huntered for the capital first bounds of the capital sources and expense underline pronouncestars benefit that are expensed for the testion which without testion months after the end of the person as which the enabytes resulted the related service are classified as short terms employee benefits and are recognized as an expense as the Statement of Profit and Lower the echological waves to provided.

A lability is recognized for the annual expected to be post if the Company but a present light or constitutive obligate in to pay this annual as a result of past service provided by the employer and the obligation can be enutried reliably.

Employee Hentita (Continued)

(ii) Post-Trackovest Hendle
Detail Combiner Plan.
A defacted outsithed plan is post-employment benefit plan under which is company pays specified contributions to a separate entity and last on obligation to pay any further amounts The Chronopy makes contribution to provided food in accordance with Employee Provident Final and Misterlaneous Drowness Act. [92] and Employee State Insurance. Constribution pland or progister report of infended outsides in plan are engineered and are expensed in the Section Section 1.

Demonstrate:
The Company's grainty bendin setteme is a defined bendin plan. The lability acceptined in the labinese there in respect of grainty is the present value of the defined perfections and the behavior detect that less the far value of plan assets, superfix with adjustments for uneverspited soverall gain lasers may peet service count. The defined bendin highly almost endough the acceptance of the properties of the university of the properties and world matched.

Re-measurement of the net deshed benefit habils, which comprise actuated gams and losses, the return on plan areas (excluding interest and the selfect of the asset selling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized quantularity in other comprehensive factors (ICC).

Less

briefs 116.
A recognise of a restaurch the Group assessed whether a constact is, or creation, a learn. A contract is or creation at least if the contract consequence of a registration of a restaurch and the res

Assets and lichibites arising from a lease are mindly interacted on a prevent value basis. Less lichibites me hade the not proceed value following lesse poyumate.

- Pacel payments (for lamb ment mone facul pryments). Less homests recorables

- Variable (sear payment) that are lamb on hade or a min, a mell procurent value for males or nice at the communication of the following lesse poyumate.

- Variable (sear payment) that are lamb on hade or a min, a mell procurent value for mind or or nice at the communication of the communication of the procure process of a graduate option of the Conjuguity of testimately perfect to correct that operation.

- Indicate of procure option of the Conjuguity of testimately perfect to correct that operation.

- Payments of proclaims for termostating the faces. In the less trimmtees the fortest the Conjuguity or contracting that option.

The losse labeler to measured at amounted tool using otherwise attented method. Het reconsisted when there is change in necessities of whether it will exercise a purchase of the control of the control

when the lease hables in transactored in this way, a corresponding adjointed it made for the early say amount of the right of two earls, or is recorded in position for least of the currying amount of the right of two earls, or is recorded in position for an early say that a stress or an expension of the control of the control of the least of the control of the least of the least

was recovered

"uses a basishing approach that acts with a pai-line interest rate alreading for reals to k for lesses held by Velac Bri AS Retail Leaderd which does not have recent that pury
frameway, and unders adoption reports to the lease, or, forms, country, curriery and across

"Extractle Law proposation and reporting to real excrepancing in princip or loss as the growth of which the description and principles."

"Extractle Law proposation and reporting to real excrepancing in princip or loss as the growth of which the recurrier of that traggers the or promote increase."

- Right-of-use assets are measured at and comproving the following:

 the amount of the most inconcentration is less tability
 any less payments make as in their office sections carried date less may be securities reveived
 may must direct costs, and

any additional reactions, one of the properties of the properties

Registrations assets any queenity depreciated with the short of the specify useful life and the lesse term on a straight-lime basis. If the Company is reasonably certain to exercise a park long registration in the straight of the straight

becount rate to useful.

a lease contract is moduled and the lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, in which case the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease.

The tudinor-lose saves are personted as a requeste line in the attention of financial powers. The register-finance sources or a smally recognized at east which comprises of the audit measurement of the corresponding frame landow. For polyments made it is referre the commissioners and any analysis and east consist and a series of the audit measurements from the subsequents from the series of the audit measurements from the subsequents for east of the audit measurements from the subsequents for east of the audit of the au



Nates to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency : Indian Rupces or labbs) k) Incontrols

Institute for expectate materials consigned current for expertations and electroid has experted for expertation or an experted for the expert of the expert that is a construction of the expert of the expert that is a construction of the expert of the expert that is a construction of the expertation of the expertatio

Current Tax

Current tax comparies the expected tax payable or recoverable on the taxable profit or bass for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or recoverable as respect of previous years. It is measured using tex more control or milesastively encored by the end of the reporting period.

Current tan assets and liabeleties are offset only if, the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amous as and
intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the user and settle the liabelety significance.

District Let the test the conjugated in respect of induponity differences between the entrying sim-test of ances and likebases for financial reporting purpose and the mount considered for the purpose.

Detained for some an exceptional for expend on home tracted tox replace and deliberal to management differences to the colonial that is by probable that before tasked protein will be considered protein with the colonial tracted by consideration and the colonial tracted by the colonial tracted

Introcupieral defend use assets as some as each reporting doe and recognized to the critest that it has beener probable that four traces as a like in which they are in recoverable former in the suscender at the fact need that are expected to be applied on insquency difference when they remain, wing text rate asserted in additionable of the media of the control of the media of the media

3.2 Material accounting policies (Continued)

Incomprehen (Continued)

The measurement of deferred to starts and liabilities reflects the tox consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company superits at the reporting date, to recover or settle the curying assumed of the section shifteness.

Determined to assume all adultions are of their certification of the "Company superits at the reporting date, to recovered the section all adultions are of their certification of their sections are supported towards be their sections of their sections to their sections are consistent towards the section and their sections are consistent towards the section and their sections are consistent towards the section and their sections are consistent towards are sections.

Exertings per above: Hash Exerting per done is calculated by disding the perifs or base for the year stochastic to the equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding the force of produce of outsidency listed sensings per done, the perifs or has for the period stochastic to the equity shareholders and the original exerting number of equity shares For the produce of outsidency listed sensings per done, the period outside to the entire of the period outside the period of the period o

Upcoming sugments to defined as compensus of an exception are which interrupt financial estimation in available that is a chainst appoint by that shirt approxing discovered as desiring for the filter and shirt approxing discovered as desiring for the filter and the shirt approxing discovered as the shirt approxing of the filter and the shirt approxing of the filter and the filter approximation and expenses are summer as depositions and the shirt approximation and expenses are summer as a shirt and of the shirt approximation and the shirt approximation and

u) Recent Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS)

Recent Protocolumnicuts
No standards have been notice impacing financial statements of the Company which are effective from 01 April 2024.

ered Acc

Notes to the financial statements (Continued) for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

3 Property, Plant and Equipment

Changes in the carrying value of property, plant and equipment for the year ended 31 March 2024

Non-current assets:	Leasehold improvements	Plant and equipments	Furniture and fixtures	Computers	Computers Office equipment	Total
Gross Block (at cost) as at 1 April 2023	50.27	89.26	2.66	2.70	11.71	156.60
Additions during the year	2.15	15.09	1.48	4.09	4.65	27.46
Disposals during the year		•	•		-	Ä
Cost as at 31 March 2024 (A)	52.42	104.35	4,14	6.79	16.36	184.06
Accumulated depreciation as at 1 April 2023	29.73	45.14	0.89	1.49	11.32	88.57
Depreciation recognised for the year	0.29	3.84	0.09	68'0	3.20	8.31
Disposals during the year	×		¥	(5)		*
Accumulated depreciation as at 31 March 2024 (B)	30.02	48.98	B6:0	2.38	14.52	96.88
(9) (1) PERE 1-10 M 26 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	33.40	25 37	31.5	447	3	87.18

(b) Changes in the carrying value of property, plant and equipment for the year ended 31 March 2023

Particulars	Leasehold improvements	Plant and equipments	Furniture and fixtures	Computers	Office equipment	Total
A 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	22.50	22 45	99.0	17.6	0 03	148 95
Additions during the year	2.88	1.80		0.29	2.68	7.65
Disnosals during the year	34		36	٠		٠
Cost as at 31 March 2023 (A)	50.27	89.26	2.66	2.70	11.71	156.60
Accumulated depreciation as at 1 April 2022	23.22	37.12	0.88	1.21	9.01	71.45
Depreciation recognised for the year	15.9	8.01	10.01	0.28	2.31	17.11
Disposals during the year		S - 40	\$(•)	į		
Accumulated depreciation as at 31 March 2023 (B)	29.73	45.14	0.89	1.49	11.32	88.57
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2023 (A) - (B)	20.54	44.12	1.77	1.20	0.39	68.03

- The Company has not revalued any of its property, plant and equipment.
- Ą

Details of benami property held:

No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the group for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.



- c There are no immovable property as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.
- On review of the pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the assets, it was noted that there has been change in expected pattern of consumption of these benefits. Accordingly, with effect from 01 April 2023, the Company has changed its depreciation/amortization method to Straight Line method from Written down value method for various class of assets to reflect this change. Such a change has been accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate in accordance with Ind AS 8 "Accounting Policies, Change in Accounting Estimate in a confarmer with Ind AS 8 "Accounting Estimates and Errors". Had the Company confinued the previous Written Down Value Method for charging depreciation on all class of assets, charge for depreciation/amortisation for the year ended 31 March 2024 and for future period would have been higher by Rs. Rs. &B lakhs and Rs. 0.18 lakhs respectively and consequentially deferred tax charge on the same for the year ended 31 March 2024 and for future period would have been lower by Rs. 2.18 lakhs and Rs. 0.4659 lakhs respectively. p



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

4 Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Changes in the carrying value of Goodwill for the period ended 31 March 2024

Particulars	Goodwill*	Computer Software	Total
Cost as at 1 April 2023	44.04	-	44.04
Additions during the year	•	0.94	0.94
Disposals during the year		-	(20)
Cost as at 31 March 2024 (A)	44.04	0.94	44.98
Accumulated depreciation as at 1 April 2023			
Amortisation recognised for the year	¥	0.17	0.17
Deduction on account of disposal	5		
Accumulated depreciation as at 31 March 2024 (B)		0.17	0.17
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2024 (A) - (B)	44.04	0.77	44.81

Changes in the carrying value of Goodwill for the period ended 31 March 2023

Particulars	Goodwill*	Computer Software	Total
Cost as at 1 April 2022	44.04	-	44.04
Additions during the year	€	520	2
Disposals during the year	(
Cost as at 31 March 2023 (A)	44.04		44.04
Accumulated depreciation as at 1 April 2022			
Amortisation recognised for the year	*		*
Deduction on account of disposal	, <u> </u>	(E)	*
Accumulated depreciation as at 31 March 2023 (B)	•	8.0	•
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2023 (A) - (B)	44.04		44.04

* Goodwill (net of accumulated Impairment as on 31 March 2016) are on account of acquisition of Ekopath Center (Pathology and Cytology Division), Guwahati during the year ended 31 March 2013.

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

4 Goodwill (Continued)

Goodwill with indefinite useful life

Carrying amount of goodwill which is allocated to the puthalogy division as at 31 March 2024; Rs.44,04 Lukhs (31 March 2023; Rs. 44,04 Lukhs). It was acquired on account of business purchase from Ekopath Center (Pathology and Cytology Division).

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to the cash generating units (CGU), which benefit from the synergies of the acquisition.

Cash Generating Unit	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Ekopath Metropolis Lab Services Private Limited	44.04	44,04

The recoverable amount of a CGU is based on its value in use, The value in use is estimated using discounted cash flows over a period of 5 years, we believe 5 years to be most appropriate time scale over which to review and consider annual performance before applying a fix terminal value mutiple to year end cash flow.

Operating margins and growth rates for the five year cash flow projections have been estimated based on past experience and after considering the financial budgets/forecasts approved by management. Other key assumptions used in the estimation of the recoverable amount are set out below. The values assigned to the key assumptions represent management's assessment of future trends in the relevant industries and have been based on historical data from both external and internal sources.

Key assumptions used in the value-in-use calculations

Assumptions	How determined
Budgeted EBITDA growth rate	Budgeted EBITDA has been based on past experience adjusted for the following:
	 Revenue in the diagnostic service is expected to grow on account of changing lifestyle and food habit. Revenue and EBIDTA are factored by focused approach towards B2C segment, network expansion, operational efficiencies and automation.
Terminal value growth rate	Long-term growth rate used for the purpose of calculation of terminal value has been determined taking into account nature of business, long term inflation expectation and long term GDP expectation for the Indian economy
Post-tax risk adjusted discount rate	The discount rate applied to the cash flows of company's operations is generally based on the risk free rate for ten year bonds issued by the government in Indin. These rates are adjusted for a risk premium to reflect both the increased risk of investing in equities and the systematic risk of the Company.

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
tost-tux risk adjusted discount rate ferminal value growth rate	12.10% 5.00%	12,40% 5.00%
Budgeted EBITDA growth rate	1 % - 15 %	1 % - 15 %

These assumptions are reviewed annually as part of management's budgeting and strategic planning cycles. These estimates may differ from actual results. The values assigned to each of the key assumptions reflect the Management's past experience as their assessment of future trends, and are consistent with external / internal sources of information.

The estimated recoverable amount of the CGU exceeds its carrying amount. The Company has also performed sensitivity analysis calculations on the projections used and discount rate applied. Given the significant headroom that exists, and the results of the sensitivity analysis performed, it is concluded that there is no significant risk that reasonable changes in any key assumptions would cause the carrying value of goodwill to exceed its value in use.



Notes to the financial statements (Continued) for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupces in lakhs)

		As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
5	Other financial assets		
	(Unsecured, considered good)	9.83	7.51
	Security deposits	225.00	1.31
	Investments in term deposit with maturity of more than twelve months	234.83	7.51
,	No. and the sector (see		
6	Non-current tax assets (net) Advance taxes (net of provision for taxes- 31 March 2024: 97 Lakhs, 31 March 2023:	70.91	71,73
	44.90 Lakhs)	70.91	71.73
		270,91	71.75
7	Inventories		
	(valued at lower of cost and net realisable value)		
	Reagents, chemicals, diagnostic kits, medicines and consumables	20.70	
	There are no goods in transit as on 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023,	20110	
8	Trade receivables		
	Trade receivables considered youd-secured		
	Trade receivables, considered good - unsecured	41.70	37,78
	Insecured - significant increase in credit risk	(
	Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk Trade receivables - credit impaired		
	Hane Jecciannes - creat imbatter	41.70	37.78
	Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	(9.87)	
	2003, Attoristics for expected cross 1000	31.83	3 29.07

Trade receivables Ageing Schedule

As at 31 March 2024		Outs	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
Particulars	Curent but not due	22	6 months – 1 year	1-2 years	100	More than 3 years	Total
Undreputed trade seceivables - considered good	24,51	8,44	3,K9	1.70	1.55	1,61	41.70
Underputed trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	S-1	8		183		8	
Indisputed trude receivables - credit impaired	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- 22		2.4	- 8		
Disputed trade receivables - considered good		*		52	8	∑ U	
Disputed trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	58	*	-	7.47	- 3		
Disputed trade receivables - credit impured	33				-		-
Total (A)	24,51	X,44	338	1.70	1,55	1.61	41.70
Allowance for expected credit fusa (B)							9,87
Tetal (A) =(B)							31.83

			tunning for remo	ming her tour	tram and a	ate of payment	
Particulars.	Curent but not due	127	6 months – 1 year	1-Z years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
sputed trade receivables - considered good	25.74	5.3K	0,75	3.95	1.33	0.64	37.7B
aputed trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	10			27	- 12		
spared trade receivables - credit imparred			8	55	(F)	27	7.
nited trade receivables - considered good	3.5	- 2		- 6	- 12	-	*0
ated trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk		*	- 2	9	- 27	23	8
used trade receivables - credit impaired							
Total (A)	18.83	V.0X	2.05	4.07	1.37	6,77	36.17

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash on hand	BR.0	300
Balances with banks - in current accounts	63.97	86.93
	64.85	86.93

Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents (Unsecured, considered good)

Investments in term deposit with maturity of more than three months but less than twelve months

	405,00	479.00
	405.00	479.00
2 C9 L/		
CA STATE OF THE ST		



Notes to the financial statements (Continued) for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

11

		As at 31 Murch 2024	As at 31 March 2023
1	Other current financial assets		
	(Unsecured, considered good)		3.14
	Security deposits Interest accured but not received	18,80	0.95
		18.80	4,09
2	Other current assets		
4			
	(Unsecured considered good)	L.88	2,48
	Prepaid Expenses	0.58	6.41
	Advance to suppliers	0.10	0.07

13 Equity share capital

Details of authorised, issued and subscribed share capital & reconciliation of number of shares at the beginning and at the end of the year

13.1	Authorised equity share capital	No. of shares	Amount
	Equity shares of Rs. 104-each As at 31 March 2023 As at 31 March 2024	5,10,000 5,10,000	51.00 51.00
13.2	Issued equity capital	No. of shares	Amount
	Equity shares of Rs 10/- each fully paid As at 1 April 2022	5,10,000	51.00
	Add; Movement during the year As at 31 March 2023	5,10,000	51.00
	Add: Movement during the year As at 31 March 2024	5,10,000	51.00

Terms and Rights attached to equity shareholders:
The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share, Euch holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The dividend, if proposed by the Board of Directors, will be paid in Indian Rupeses and will be subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except interim dividend.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Shares held by holding company/ultimate holding company, subsidiaries/associates of holding company or ultimate holding company:

	No. of shares	Amount
Shareholding structure	140' 01 30 = 1 ca	,Lmount
Metropolis Healthcare Limited		
Equaty shores of its 10 each		to de
As at 34 March 2023	3,06,000	30,60
	3,06,009	30.60
As at 31 March 2024	September 1	

Shareholders holding more than 5% of the equity shares in the Company as at the balance sheet date :

	31 March	
	Number of Shares	% Shareholding
Metropolis Healthcare Limited	3,06,000	60,00%
Dr. Runica Burnah	2,04,000	40.00%
De, Ronce forcial	5,10,000	100.00%

	31 March	2023
	Number of Shares	% Shareholding
2 W W 2	3,06,000	40,00%
Sergopolis Healthcare Limited	2,04,000	48.00%
1. Kontro Installi	5,10,000	100,007

Details of shares held by promoters

Promoter Name	No, of shares w the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of Total Shares	** change during the year
Dr Ronica Barush	2,04,000		2,04,000	40%	
Motropolis Healthcare Limited	3,06,000		3,06,000	60%	
ASSESSMENT FERRINGER CHINA	5,10,000		5,10,000	100%	

Prumoter Name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of Total Shares	*a change during the year
Dr Ronica Baruah	2,04,000		2,04,000	40%	
Actropolic Bealthcare Limited	3,66,000 5,10,000		5,10,000	100%	

Aggregate number of honus shares issued, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares hought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the date 31 March 2024. The Company has not issued any bonus shares or shares for consideration other than cash and hos not bought back any shares during the period of five years immediately proceeding the reporting date.



20.0	4.0	r · 1	statements	(C 12
Notes to	the	rinanciai	statements	(Comunueu,

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

14	Other Equity		
		699.77	539.73
	Retained earnings		
	Closing balance	699.77	539.73
14.1	Retained earnings		
1-9-1	Opening balance	539.73	413.08
	Add: Profit for the year	160.19	127.51
	Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligation, net of tax	(0.15)	(0.86)
	Closing balance		0.000113
14.2	Items of other Compreheusive Income		
	Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligation, net of tax	m 141	0.55
	Opening Bulance	(0.31)	(0.86)
	Other Comprehensive Income		
	Closing balance	(0.46)	(0.31)
	Nature and purpose of Reserves		
	Retained carnings Retained curnings are the profits that the Company has carned till date, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders. Reta	ined Earnings is a free reserve availabl	le to the
	Company		
	Re-measurement gulu/ (loss) on defined benefit plans (net of taxes) The Company has elected to recognise changes in the value of certain liabilities toward employee compensation in Other Comprehensive Income, These changes are a	ccumulated within re-measurement gui	in/ (loss) on
	defined benefit plan reserve within equity.		
15	Non-current borrowings		
	Unsecured		
	From holding company	61.35	60,45
		61.35	00,45
	Terms of liurrowings:		
	TTIME OF INTERNAL TO A STATE OF THE STATE OF		
	From Holding Company		1 b = 132 C
	From Holding Company Note: - Loun is tuken from Metropolis Healthcare Limited (MHL) - Holding Company rate of 10 ** p.s. The suid unsecured loan shall not be repuid till the date	e MHL has acquired remaining 40%	shureholding of
	Ekopath Metropolis Lab Service Private Limited from D1. Ronica Buruah		
16	Deferred tax assets / (llabilities) (Net)		
	Deferred tax asset arising on account of:		
	Provision for employee benefits	6,07	5,65
	Impact of Ind AS 116	0.39	2.19
	Other	8.94	8.94
	Total (A)		117//414
	Deferred (ax liability arising on account of :		
	Difference between book base and tax base of property, plant and equipment and	(6.91)	(5.02)
	intangible assets	(6,91)	(5.02)
	Tutal (B)		
	Net deferred tax assets (Habilities) (A+B)	1.03	3.92
17	Non current provisions		
	Provision for employee benefits:	11.82	9,56
	- Gratuity [refer Note 41A]	11.62	4,30
		11.82	9.56
18	Current Lease Liabilities		
	Leuse Linbilities [refer note 36]	12.32	29.05
	CR o	12.32	29.05
	1 85 CM	14.54	47.012

As at 31 Murch 2024 As at 31 Murch 2023



Notes to the financial statements (Continued) for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in takhs)

19 Trade payables

Total outstanding due to micro and small enterprises [refer Note 40] Total outstanding due to creditors other than micro and small enterprises*

93.64 87.05 93,64 ¥7.05

* It includes amount due to related parties [refer Note 35]

As at 31 March 2024		Outstanding	for following	periods from due date of pa	ment
Particulars	Less than I	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Tutal
Indisputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Indisputed dues of creditors other than πίστο enterprises and small enterprises	85,07	1.39	0.53	13,23	100,2
Introduct dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises			090 2003	391	
Asputed dues of creditors other than mero enterprises and summented reservoirs. Total	85,07	1:39	0.53	13.23	100.2

As at 31 March 2023		Dutstanding	for following	periods from due date of pay	ment
Particulars	Less than I	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Testal
Undisputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Undisputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	70.07	0,51	8.00	x.47	N7.0
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		\$	5	3943	
Total	70.07	0.51	K.00	8.47	87,0

	Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small emerprises					
	Total	70.07	0.51	N.00	8,47	87,05
				As at	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
20	Other current financial liabilities					
	Security deposits				6.55 12.43	5 40 16 45
	Employee related dues					
	Creditors for other expenses				0.07	0.11
	Capital Creditors				u.u /	
	Interest accrued on unsecured loan					
				_	19,05	21,96
21	Other current liabilities					
	Advance from customers				5.96	4,03
	Statutory dues*				1,30	3.73
				-	7.26	7.76
	 Storntory Dues payable include Tax Deducted at Source, Provident Fund and Professional tux 					
22	Current provisions					
	Provision for employee benefits:				3.44	2.58
	- Gratuity [refer Note 41A]				0.68	1.76
	- Compensated absenses				Gide	
					4.12	4.36
23	Current tax liabilities (net)					
	Provision for tuxution (net of advance tax -: 31 March 2024; Rs.25.00Lakh., 31				44,05	39.98
	Murch 2023: Rs. 31 02 Lukhs)				44.05	39.98



Notes to the financial statements (Continued) for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

		As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
24	Revenue from operations		
24	Revenue from operations		
	Service Income (Refer Note 43(b))	857.97	752,00
	SELVICE HEAVILE (NOTE 13(0))	1000	1992
	Other Operating revenue	0.20 858.17	753,22
		-	
25	Other income		
	Interest income	37,31	22.85
	- from banks - Income tax refund	0.96	0.58
	- from Others	0.76	0.70
- <u>5</u>		39.03	24.13
- 51		and the state of t	
26	Cost of materials consumed		
		12.44	16.44
	Opening stock [Refer note 7]	13.64 148.84	100.91
	Add: Purchases during the year Less: Closing stock [Refer note 7]	(20.70)	(13.64)
			103.71
		141,78	105.71
27	Laboratory testing charges		
41	Ended attor A cesting clear fees		
	Luboratory testing charges	134.67	126,15
		134.67	126.15
28	Employee benefits expenses		
		ur o./	89.54
	Salaries, wages and bonus	97,96 8,14	7.51
6	Contribution to provident and other funds [refer Note 41B] Grutuity expenses [refer Note 41A]	2.92	2.16
	Staff welfare expenses	0,34	0.80
		169,36	100.01
29	Finance costs		
		6.00	5,50
	Interest on term loan Interest on lease liabilities [refer note 36]	2.76	4.95
	Therest of lease habities freier note 50)		
		8.76	10.45
10	Depreciation expense	Y)	
30	Depreciation expense		
	Depreciation on properties, plant and equipment [refer note 3]	B:31	17.11
	Depreciation on Intangible Asset [refer note 4]	0.17 23.45	23.94
	Depreciation on Right of use assets [refer note 36]		
		31.93	41.05
31	Other expenses		
	Accreditation expenses	1.94	1,99
	Printing and stationery	3,64	8 94
	Repairs and maintenance - Plant and equipment	1.85	2,49
	-Building	-	0.67
	- Computer	6.27 86.35	14.48 58.98
	Rent	8.24	2.52
	Advertisement expenses Power, fuel and electricity charges	11.75	9,05
	Transportation, travelling and conveyance	11.17	8.88 79.78
	Professional and consultancy fees	92.95 11.06	
	Postage & courier charges Puyments to auditors [refer Note 39]	2.15	1.29
	Bunk charges	2.72	
	Housekeeping expenses	9.12 0.88	6.12 0.76
	Insurance expenses Rates and taxes	0.73	
	Telephone expenses	0.77	1.61
	Laboratory expenses	1.97 1.44	1.43 1.55
	Provision for bad and doubtful debts Credit impaired trade receivable writte off	1.44	1,33
	Miscellaneous expenses	2,13	1.62
		257.1.	224.95
	2 & CO. / M		

As at 31 March 2024 As at 31 March 2023

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

32 Income taxes

(a) Tax expense recognised in Profit and Loss

	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current tax expense		
Current year	51.43	46.00
Changes in estimates related to prior period	•	
	51.43	46.00
Deferred tax credit		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	1.95	(2.48)
ong	1,95	(2.48)
Tax expense for the year	53.38	43.52

(b) Tax charge recognised in Other Comprehensive Income

		31 March 202	4
	Pre tax	Tax benefit/ (expense)	Net of tax
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans	(0.20)	0.05	(0,15)
Technological of the defined periods pre-	(0.20)	0,05	(0.15)

		31 March 2023			
	Pre tax	Tax benefit/ (expense)	Net of tax		
tenis that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans	(1.15)	0.29	(0.86		
remensationions of the defined content plans	(1.15)	0,29	(0.86)		

(c) Reconciliation of Effective Tax Rate

	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
		E)
Profit before tax	213.57	171.03
Statutory income tax rate	25.17%	25.17%
Expected income tax expense	53.76	43.05
Tax effect of adjustments to reconcile expected Income Tax Expense to reported Income Tax Expense:		
Reclassification of actuarial gains to OCI	0.05	0.29
Tax adjustment of earlier years	3.5	3
Others	0.14	0.18
Total tax expense	53.95	43.52



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

32 Income taxes (Continued)

(d) Movement in deferred tax balances

Non-current assets:			31 M	arch 2024		
	Net balance 1 April 2023	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Net deferred tax asset/liability	Deferred tax asset	Deferred tax liability
Deferred tax liability						CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE
Difference between book base and tax base of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(5.02)	(1.89)		(6.91)	*	(6.91)
Difference between book base and tax base of current investments	2.19	0,29	æ	2.48	2.48	54
Deferred tax asset						
Provisions for employee benefit	5.65	0.47	(0.05)	6.07	6.07	79
Lease Liabilities	1.10	(0.71)	•	0.39	0.39).
Tax assets (Liabilities)	3.92	(1.94)	(0.05)	2.02	8.94	(6.91)

Non-current assets:			31 M	arch 2023		
	Net balance 1 April 2022	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Net deferred tax asset/liability	Deferred tax asset	Deferred tax liability
Deferred tax liability						
Difference between book base and tax base of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(6.23)	1.22	.	(5.02)	•	(5.02)
Difference between book base and tax base of current investments	1.80	0.39	E	2.19	2.19	33
Deferred tax asset						
Provisions for employee benefit	4.40	0.95	0.29	5,65	5.65	17
Lease Liabilities	1.19	(0.08)	2	1,10	1.10	2
Tax assets (Liabilities)	1.16	2,48	0.29	3,92	8.94	(5.02)

The company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Significant management judgement is required in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered. Any changes in future taxable income would impact the recoverability of deferred tax assets.

Tax Assets and Liabilities

Particulars		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Non current tax assets (net of tax provision)		70.91	71.73
Current tax liabilities (net of tax assets)	.,	44.05	39.98
Current tax habitities (net of tax assets)	15000		



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in laklis)

33 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic EPS calculated by dividing the Net profit for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders (after adjusting profit impact of dilutive potential equity shares, if any) by the aggregate of weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year and the weighted average number of Equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential Equity shares into Equity shares.

Non-current assets:	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
i. Profit attributable to equity holders (Rs in lakhs) Profit attributable to equity holders for basic and diluted EPS (Rs. in lakhs)	160.19	127.51
11011 (11110111101110110110111111111111	160.19	127.51
ii. Weighted average number of ordinary shares (no. of shares)	5,10,000	5,10,000
jii. Basic earnings per share & Diluted carnings per share (Rs)	31.41	25.00



Notes to the financial statements (Continued) for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency : Indian Rupees in lakhs)

34 Financial instruments - Fair values

A. Accounting classification and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy for financial instruments measured at fair value. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

	31 March 2024							
		Carryin	Imount:		Fair value			
	Fair value through profit and loss	Fair value through other comprehensive income	Amotised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Non Current Financial assets							28	
Security deposits	24	5.5	234.83	234.93	5.5	50		74
Current Financial assets								
Trade receivables	- 3	10	31.83	31.83	2.0	*5		
Cash and cash equivalents	3		64.85	64,85	* 1	*	050	8
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	38	38	405,00	405.00	53		150	
Other current financial assets			18,80	18.80				- 14
			755.29	755.29	1.6		2.63	
Non Current Financial Habilities								
Borrowings	6.5	2.0	80.15	80,15	101			-
Lease tiabilities	- 27		5.10	5,10	1.4			79
Current Financial Habilitles								
Lease liabilities		3#	12.32	12.32			7.5	6
Trade payables		199	93,64	93.64	*	*	15	
Other current financial liabilities			19.05	19.05				- 10
			210.26	210,26				

	31 March 2023							
		Carryin	terrount .		Fair value			
	Fair value through profit and loss	Fair value through other comprehensive income	Amotised Cust	Total	Level I	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Non Current Financial assets								
Security deposits	1.0		7.51	7.51	20	(*)	50	8
Current Financial assets							25	5
Frade receivables		8	29.07	29.07				
20sh and cosh equivalents			86,93	86.93	20		- 20	39
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents			479.00	479.00	**		*5	8
Other current financial macta			4.09	4.09				
			606.60	686.69		· ·		
Non Current Financial Habilities								
Borrowings			60.45	60.45	**	*	- 5	
Lease liabilities			14.65	14.65		:::		3
Current Financial liabilities								
ease liabilities			29.05	29,05	-	9		
Frade payables	-		87.05	87.05	*	(*)	**	35
Other current financial liabilities		20	21.96	21.96				
			213,16	213.16				



Notes to the financial statements (Continued) for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

34 Financial instruments - Fair values (Continued)

B. Fair value heirarchy

Ind AS 107, 'Financial Instrument - Disclosure' requires classification of the valuation method of financial instruments measured at fair value in the Balance Sheat, using a three level fair-value-hierarchy (which reflects the significance of inputs used in the measurements). The hierarchy gives the highest priority to un-adjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and lowest priority to un-observable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair-value-hierarchy under Ind AS 107 are described below:

Level 1: Level 1 heirarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as listtle as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level. This is the case for unlisted equity securities included in level 3.

Financial instruments measured at fair value

The following tables show the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 fair values, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used,

Туре	Yaluation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between algoificant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
	Discounted eash flows: Under discounted eash flow method, future eash flows are discounted by using rates which reflect market risks. The valuation requires management to make certain assumptions about the model inputs, including forecast cush flows, discount rate and credit risk. The probabilities of the various estimates within the range can be reasonably assessed and are used in management's estimate of fair value.	Nat applicable	Not applicable

Transfers between Levels
There have been no transfers between levels during the reporting year.



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

34 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Continued)

Financial risk management

The company's board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the company' risk management framework. Key roles and responsibilities are defined in line with risk management plan and are reviewed at regular interval. This self regulatory process and procedure ensures efficient conduct of business in micro and macro risk environment.

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk
- Currency risk

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents. The maximum exposure to credit risk in case of all the financial instuments covered below is restricted to their respective carrying amount

a. Trade receivables

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The demographics of the customer, including the default risk of the industry and country in which the customer operates, also has an influence on credit risk assessment. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Company establishes an allowance for doubtful debts and impairment that represents its estimate of incurred losses in respect of trade and other receivables and investments.

The Company does not have any significant concentration of credit risk. There are no customers which accounts for 10% or more of the total trade receivables as at the year end.

Management has analysed the debtors outstanding as at 31 March 2024 and concluded that the history of bad debts on the profile of its current debtors is insignificant. The debtors which are outstanding as at 31 March 2024 have been generally regular in making payments and hence it does not expect significant impairment losses on its current profile of outstanding debtors. The debtors which have defaulted in the past are mostly on account of any litigations and its experience regarding bad debts has been very low in the past.

On the basis of above, no additional provision has been made in the books of accounts under Ind AS.

	Amount
Balance as at 1 April 2022	7.16
Expected Credit Loss allowance	1.55
Deduction on account of write off and collections	
Balance as at 31 March 2023	8.71
Expected Credit Loss allowance	1.16
Deduction on account of write off and collections	×
Balance as at 31 March 2024	9.87

b. Cash and cash equivalents and Other bank balances

The Company held cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances at 31 March 2024: Rs. 694.85 Lakhs (31 March 2023: Rs. 565.93 lakhs). The cash and cash equivalents are held with bank and financial institution counterparties with good credit ratings.



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

34 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Continued)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

The table below analyses the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities.

	C	ontractual cash			
31 March 2024	Carrying amount	Total	Upto 1 year	1-3 years	More than 3 years
Financial liabilities (Non-current)					
Borrowings	61.35	61.35		\$	61.35
Lease liabilities	5.10	6.04	•	6.04	2€ 0
Financial liabilities (current)					
Lease liabilties	12.32	12.58	12.58		(7)
Trade payables	93.64	93.64	93.64		
Other financial liabilities	19.05	19.05	19.05	•	524
	191.46	192.65	125,27	6.04	61.35

	Contractual cash flows						
As at 31 March 2023	Carrying amount	Total	Upto 1 year	1-3 years	More than 3 years		
Financial liabilities (Non-current)							
Borrowings	60.45	60,45	3	-	60.46		
Lease liabilities	14.65	18.62	9	18.62	\$		
Financial liabilities (current)							
Lease liabilities	29.05	29.05	29.05				
Trade payables	87.05	87.05	87.05	-	=		
Other financial liabilities	21.96	21.96	21.96				
Total	213.16	217.13	109.01	18.62	60.46		

The outflows disclosed in the above table represent the total contractual undiscounted cash flows and total interest payable on borrowings



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

34 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Continued)

Capital Disclosure

The company's objectives when managing capital arc to safeguard the company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholder and maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

There have been no changes to what the entity manages as capital and in the strategy for capital management from the previous year.

The Company monitors capital using a ratio of 'adjusted net debt' to 'adjusted equity'. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total liabilities, comprising interest-bearing and non-interest bearing loans and borrowings and obligations under finance leases, less cash and cash equivalents. Adjusted equity comprises all components of equity other than amounts accumulated in the hedging reserve.

	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Non-current borrowings	61.35	60.45
Less: Cash and cash equivalent	64.85	86.93
Adjusted net debt	(3.50)	(26,48)
Total equity	750.77	590.73
Adjusted net debt to adjusted equity ratio	(0.00)	(0.04)
Debt equity considering only borrowings as debt	80.0	0.10

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing investments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

The Company does not account for any fixed-rate financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

The interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments as reported to the management of the Company is as follows.

31 March 2024	31 March 2023
253.62	11.60
61.35	60.45
314.97	72.05
272	43.70
17.42	43.70
17.42	43.70
332.40	115.75
	253.62 61.35 314.97



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

Related Party Disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below:

The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured, interest free and will be settled in cash.

A. Relationships -

Category I: Holding company Metropolis Healthcare Limited

Category II: Key Management Personnel (KMP)

Dr Ronica Baruah -Director Mr. Rakesh Agrawal- Director Dr. Nilesh Jadavji Shah - Director

Category III: Fellow subsidiary

Metropolis Healthcare (Mauritius) Limited

Amin's Pathology Laboratory Private Limited (Formerly known as Metropolis Wellness Products Private Limited)

Metropolis Healthcare Lanka (Pvt) Limited (Formerly known as Nawaloka Metropolis Laboratories Private Limited, Sri Lanka)

Metropolis Histoxpert Digital Services Private Limited

Dr. Ganesan's Hitech Diagnostic Centre Private Limited (w.e.f 22 October 2021)*

Metropolis Bramser Lab Services (Mtius) Limited

Metropolis Healthcare Ghana Limited

Metropolis Star Lab Kenya Limited

Metropolis Healthcare (Tanzania) Limited

Metropolis Healthcare Uganda Limited

Centralab Healthcare Services Private Limited

Category IV: Relatives of KMP

Dr. Shyam Baruah

Category V: Companies in which key management personnel or their relatives have significant influence (Other related parties)

Metropolis Health Products Retail Private Limited

^{*}Due to voluntary liquidation, it was merged with Metropolis Healthcare Limited.

Notes to the financial statements (Continued) for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

Related Party Disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below (Continued)

В.	The transactions with the related parties are as follows:		
	Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
1)	Receipt of Services		
	Holding company		
	Metropolis Healthcare Limited	126.15	126.15
2)	Services rendered		
	Holding company		
	Metropolis Healthcare Limited	0.00	0.00
2)	Interest paid on Loan		
	Holding company		
	Metropolis Healthcare Limited	6.00	5,50
3)	Professional Fee		
	Key management personnel (KMP)		
	Dr Ronica Baruah	36.52	36.52
	Relatives of KMP		
	Dr Shyam Baruah	3.00	3.00
4)	Security Deposit		
	Key management personnel(KMP)		
	Dr Ronica Baruah	0.00	0.00
	Relatives of KMP		
	Dr Shyam Baruah	0.00	0.00
5)) Rent		
	Relatives of KMP		
	Dr Shyam Baruah	7.40	7.40
	Key management personnel (KMP)		
	Dr Ronicu Baruah	7.40	7.40

The related party balances outstanding at year end are as follows:		
Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
1) Trade payable and other liablities		
Holding Company		
Metropolis Healthcare Limited	60.19	38.10
Dr Ronica Baruah	2.77	2.65
Dr Shyom Baruah	0.12	5
2) Borrowing		
Holding Company		
Metropolis Healthcare Limited	61.35	60.00
3) Security Deposit		
Key management personnel(KMP)		-27-24
Dr Ronica Baruah	2.85	2.85
Relatives of KMP		
Dr Shyam Baruah	2.85	2.85
4) Interest accrued on unsecured loan		
Holding Company		
Metropolis Healtheare Limited	0.00	0.45

Note: Transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31st March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

36 Adoption of Ind AS 116 - Lease

Non-current assets:

- 1 The following is the summary of practical expedients elected on initial application:
- i Applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with a similar end date
- ii Applied the exemption not to recognize right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term on the date of initial application
- iii Excluded the initial direct costs from the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application.
- iv Applied the practical expedient to grandfather the assessment of which transactions are leases. Accordingly, Ind AS 116 is applied only to contracts that were previously identified as leases under Ind AS 17.
- 2 The effect of depreciation and interest related to Right Of Use Asset and Lease Liability are reflected in the Profit & Loss Account under the heading "Depreciation and Amortisation Expense" and "Finance costs" respectively under Note No 30 and 29
- The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities in FY 2023-24 is 9.20% 10.10%.
- 4 Following are the changes in the carrying value of right of use assets for the year ended 31 March 2024:

(Rs. In lakhs)

Particulars	Categor	y of ROU	Total
	Re-agent	Pateint Service Center/Lab or Both	
Balance as of 1 April 2022	23.99	27.02	51.01
Additions	<u> </u>	12.29	12.29
Depreciation	(6.39)	(17.54)	(23.93)
Balance as of 31 March 2023	17.60	21,77	39.37
Balance as of 1 April 2023	17.60	21.77	39.37
Additions			
Depreciation	(6.40)	(17.06)	(23.45)
Balance as of 31 March 2024	11.20	4.71	15.92

5 The following is the break-up of current and non-current lease liabilities as of 31 March 2024:

		(Rs. In lakhs)
Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current Lease liabilities	12.32	29.05
Non-current lease liabilities	5.10	14.65
Total	17.42	43.70

6 The following is the movement in lease liabilities for the year ended 31 March 2024:

	(Rs. In takhs)
Particulars	Amount
Balance as of 1 April 2022	55.70
Additions	12.29
Finance cost accrued during the period	4.95
Payment of lease liabilities	(29.24)
Balance as of 31 March 2023	43.70
Balance as of 1 April 2023	43.70
Additions	34
Finance cost accrued during the period	2.76
Payment of lease liabilities	(29.04)
Balance as of 31 March 2024	17.42



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31st March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

7 The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities as of 31 March 2024 on an undiscounted basis:

	(Rs. In lakhs)
31 March 2024	31 March 2023
12.32	29,05
6.04	18.62
C#1	
18,36	47.67
	12.32 6.04

8 Impact of adoption of Ind AS 116 for the year ended 31 March 2024 is as follows:

		(Rs. In lakhs)
Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Decrease in Other expenses by	29.04	29.24
Increase in Finance cost by	2.76	4.95
Increase in Depreciation by (excludes depreciation on reclassified assets)	23.45	23.24
Net Impact on (Profit)/Loss	(2.83)	(1.04)
_		

- The Company does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet the obligations related to lease liabilities as and when they fall due.
- Rental expense recorded for short-term leases was Rs. 86.35 lakhs (31 March 2023 : 58.98 Lakhs) for the year ended 31 March 2024.
- 11 The total cash outflow for leases for year ended 31 March 2024 is Rs. 29.04 Lakhs (31 March 2023 : 29.24 Lakhs)



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

7	Commitments	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	Capital commitments: Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account not provided for	0.27	3.43
	Total	0.27	3.43

No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Company has not received any fund from any party (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

39 Auditors' remuneration

Statutory audit fees	2.15	1,25
Others (including reimbursement of out of pocket expenses)		0_04
Total	2.15	1.29

40 Micro and small enterprises

There are no micro & small enterprises, to whom the Company owes dues, which are outstanding for more than 45 days as at 31 March 2022. This information as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	127	-
a. Principal and interest amount remaining unpaid		
b. Interest due thereon remaining unpaid	100	**
c. Interest paid by the Company in terms of Section 16 of the Micro. Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day	•	•
d. Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Act,2006)	æ	¥5
e. Interest accrued and remaining unpaid	*2	*
f. Interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprises.	7/	

41 Employee benefits

(a) Defined benefits plan

The Company has gratuity as defined benefit retirement plan for its employees. Funded plan includes gratuity benefit to every employee who has completed service of five years or more, at 15 days salary for each completed year of service (on last drawn basic salary) in accordance with Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The scheme is funded with insurance company in the form of qualifying insurance policies

These plan typically expose the company to actuarial risk such as: Investment risk, interest rate risk, longevity risk and salary risk.

Investment Risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, for the plan in India, it has a relatively balanced mix of investments in government securities, and other debt instruments.
Interest Risk	A fall in the discount rate which is linked to the G.Sec. Rate will increase the present value of the liability requiring higher provision. A fall in the discount rate generally increases the mark to market value of the assets depending on the duration of asset.
Longevity Risk	Since the benefits under the plan is not payable for life time and payable till retirement age only, plan does not have any longovity risk.
Salary Risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of members. As such, an increase in the salary of the members more than assumed level will increase the plan's liability.



Notes to the financial statements (Continued) for the year ended 31 March 2024

	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
A. Amount recognised in the balance sheet		
Present value of the obligation as at the end of the year	15,26	12.38
Net liability recognised in the balance sheet	15.26	12.38
Out of which,		
Non-current portion	11.82	9.56
Current portion	3.44	2,58
B. Change in projected benefit obligation		40.00
Projected benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	12,38	10.03
Current service cost	1.78	1.52
Interest cost	0,90	0.64
Actuarial loss	0,20	1.15
Benefits paid	3.00	(0.97)
Liability transferred out		
Projected benefit obligation at the end of the year	15.26	12.38



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

Employee benefits (Continued)

31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	1,52
0,90	0,64
2.68	2,16
	(0.46)
0,12	1.61
0,20	1.15
31 March 2024	31 March 2023
7.30%	
5,00%	
16,00%	16.00%
Indian Assured Lives	Indian Assured Lives Mortality
	1.78 0,90 2.68 0,08 0,12 0.20 31 March 2024 7.30% 5,00%

H. Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

	31 March 2	024	31 March 2	023
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (1% movement)	(0.57)	0.63	(0.47)	0,52
Future salary growth (1% movement)	0.64	(0.59)	0,52	(0.49)
Employee Turnover (1% movement)	0.04	(0.04)	0.03	(0.03)

1. Expected future cash flows

Particulars	Less thon u year	Between 1-2 years	Between 2-5 years	Over 5 years	Total
31 March 2024					51.70
Defined benefit obligations (Gratuity)	3.44	2,03	5.30	10.94	21.70
Total	3,44	2,03	5,30	10.94	21.70

Particulars	Less than a year	Between 1-2 years	Between 2-5 years	Over 5 years	Total
31 March 2023 Defined benefit obligations (Gratuity)	2,58	1.77	4.36	9.07	17.79
Total	2.58	1.77	4.36	9.07	17.79

Defined contribution plan

The Company contributes towards statutory provident fund as per the Employees Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 and towards employee state insurance us per the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948. The amount of contribution to provident fund and Employee State Insurance Scheme recognised as expenses during the year is Rs.8.14 Lakhs (31 March 2023; Rs7.51 Lakhs)

Compensatory absences:
The Company provides for the encashment of leave or leave with pay subject to certain rules. The employees are entitled to accumulate leave subject to certain limits, for future encashment. The liability is provided based on the number of days of unutilized leave at each balance sheet date on the basis of an independent actuarial valuation. Amount of Rs., Nil (31 March 2023: 1.91 Lakhs) has been recognised in the Statement of profit and loss on account of provision for long-term employment benefit.

Segment Reporting

The Company operates in a single segment i.e. "Pathology", Accordingly, in terms of paragraph 4 of the Indian Accounting Standard 108 (IND AS-108) "Segment Reporting", no disclosures related to segments are presented in this financial statement.

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

43(a) Disclosure as per Ind As 115 - Revenue from contracts with customers

The Company generates its entire revenue from contracts with customers for the services at a point in time. The Company is engaged mainly in the business of running laboratories for carrying out pathological investigations of various branches of bio-chemistry, hematology, histopathology, microbiology, electrophoresis, immuno-chemistry, immunology, virology, cytology, other pathological and radiological investigations

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Opening	4.03	2,96
Movement During the year	1.93	1.07
Advances from customers	5.96	4.03

43(b) Reconciliation of revenue from contracts with customer

The state of the s	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
tevenue from contract with customer as per the contract price	857.97	752.00
Adjustment made to contract price on account of :-		
Discount /Rebates		
Sales Return /Credits/Reversals	11 9 5	
Revenue from contract with customer	857.97	752.00
Revenue from operations	857.97	752.00



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

						Reason for variance
Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	31 March 2024	31 March 2023		
Current ratio		Current Liabilities	3,07	3,32	-25%	
Debt- Equity Ratio		Shareholder's Equity	0.08	0.10	. -2%	
Debt Service Coverage ratio	Earnings for debt service = Net profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses	Interest &	(4,50)	(4.50)		Note 1
Return on Equity ratio	Net Profits after tuxes — Preference Dividend	Average Shareholder's Equity	0.24	0.24	0%	
Inventory Turnover ratio	Cost of goods	Average	40.00	50.07	-9%	Note 2
	sold	Inventory	49.98 9.34	9.80	-46%	Note 3
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	Net credit sales ≐ Gross credit sales - sales return	Receivable	9.34			
Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	Net credit purchases = Gross credit purchases - purchase return	Average Trade Payables	1.65	1,21		Note 4
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Net sales = Total sales - sules return	Working capital = Current assets - Current liabilities	2.30	1.71	59%	Note 5
Net Profit ratio	Net Profit	Net sales = Total sales - sales return	19%	17%		
Renum on Capital Employed	Earnings before interest and toxes	Capital	30%	30%		
Return on Investment	Interest (Finance Income)	Investment	0	0	0%	á

- Earning for available for debt service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortisations + Interest + other adjustments like loss on sale of
- Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments
- (b) (c) Average inventory = (Opening inventory balance + Closing inventory balance) / 2
- Average interiory (optiming memory manner) manner of the credit sales = Net credit sales consist of gross credit sales minus sales roturn

 Average trade receivables = (Opening trade receivables balance + Closing trade receivables balance) / 2

 Net credit purchases = Net credit purchases consist of gross credit purchases minus purchase return
- Average trade payables = (Opening trade payables balance + Closing trade payables balance) / 2 (g)
- Working capital = Current assets Current liabilities.

 Earning before interest and taxes = Profit before exceptional items and tax + Finance costs Other Income
- Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability (i)
- Note 1 Increase on account of repayment of lease amount Note 2 Average inventory increased during the year
- Note 3 Average trade receivable decreased during the year
- Purchase reduced during the year
- Note 5 Increase in current assets

Compliance with approved Scheme(s) of Arrangements 45

The company did not have any such arrangements in the current year.

Disclosure of Transactions with Struck off companies

The Company did not have any transactions with companies struck off under Section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or Section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 during the financial year.

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

No transactions to report against the following disclosure requirements as notified by MCA pursuant to amended Schedule III:
(a) Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency
(b) Benami Property held under Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder
(c) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

(d) Relating to borrowed funds: i. Wilful defaulter

- ii. Utilisation of borrowed funds & share premium
- iii. Borrowings obtained on the basis of security of current assets iv. Discrepancy in utilization of borrowings v. Current maturity of long term borrowings

As per our report of even date attached

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Rajesh Mehra

Membership No. 103145

Place: Mumbai Date: 20 May 2024 Rakesh A Director

Din No: 08614903

Place: Mumbai Date: 20 May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Ekopath Metropolis Lab Services Private Limited CIN: U93000MH2013PTC240481

Lab Service

Dr.Nilesh Shah Director DIN: 01130652

Place: Mumbai Date: 20 May 2024